Abstract Resolution of RBBB during Transient TAVB - Proposed Mechanism

Figure (A) During sinus rhythm, baseline ECG showed RBBB and prolong PR (210 ms); (B) During TAVB, the RBBB disappeared but LAE occurred; (C) A RBBB prolonged PR; (D) Alternatingly a superior block can allow nodal parameters to propagate; (E) An intermittent left posterior block in the condition of RBBB + LAE could cause AVB, but the escape rhythm should be wide; (F) Lead diagram of proposed mechanism.